

# Rationale for Map-Reduce

## Map-reduce idea: An Example (part 1)

This example uses JavaScript.

```
// A trivial example:  
alert("I'd like some Spaghetti!");  
alert("I'd like some Chocolate Mousse!");
```

The above can be improved to the following code:

```
function SwedishChef( food )  
{  
    alert("I'd like some " + food + "!");  
}  
  
SwedishChef("Spaghetti");  
SwedishChef("Chocolate Mousse");
```

## Map-reduce idea: An Example (part 2)

```
alert("get the lobster");  
PutInPot("lobster");  
PutInPot("water");
```

```
alert("get the chicken");  
BoomBoom("chicken");  
BoomBoom("coconut");
```

The above can be improved to the following code using function pointers!

```
function Cook( i1, i2, f )  
{  
    alert("get the " + i1);  
    f(i1);  
    f(i2);  
}
```

```
Cook( "lobster", "water", PutInPot );  
Cook( "chicken", "coconut", BoomBoom );
```

## Map-reduce idea: An Example (part 3)

Functions can be anonymous (like classes)

```
Cook( "lobster",  
      "water",  
      function(x) { alert("pot " + x); } );  
Cook( "chicken",  
      "coconut",  
      function(x) { alert("boom " + x); } );
```

## Map-reduce idea: An Example (part 4)

```
var a = [1,2,3];
for (i=0; i<a.length; i++) {
    a[i] = a[i] * 2;
}
for (i=0; i<a.length; i++) {
    alert(a[i]);
}
```

Doing something to every element of an array can be done by a function using a function pointer for what needs to be done.

```
function map(fn, a)
{
    for (i = 0; i < a.length; i++) {
        a[i] = fn(a[i]);
    }
}
```

```
map( function(x){return x*2;}, a );
map( alert, a );
```

## Map-reduce idea: An Example (part 5)

```
function sum(a)
{
    var s = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
        s += a[i];
    return s;
}
```

```
function join(a)
{
    var s = "";
    for (i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
        s += a[i];
    return s;
}
```

```
alert(sum([1,2,3]));
alert(join(["a","b","c"]));
```

## Map-reduce idea: An Example (part 6)

```
function reduce(fn, a, init)
{
  var s = init;
  for (i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
    s = fn( s, a[i] );
  return s;
}
```

```
function sum(a)
{
  return reduce( function(a, b){ return a + b; }, a, 0 );
}
```

```
function join(a)
{
  return reduce( function(a, b){ return a + b; }, a, "" );
}
```

# Map-reduce idea

- ▶ The `map` function is embarrassingly parallel.
- ▶ The `reduce` function is nearly embarrassingly parallel.
- ▶ Someone else can write generic `map` and `reduce` code that scales to thousands of systems with massive data sets that span thousands of disks and can tolerate failures of components.... How do we go around doing that?
- ▶ Now as long as we can recast our problem as a `map-reduce` problem, it will automatically scale to thousands of processes!



# Map-reduce implementation

- ▶ How to scale a parallel program to thousands of processes successfully?
- ▶ How to deal with massive amounts of data that doesn't fit on one system?
  - ▶ Distributed file system.
  - ▶ Move code to data instead of the other way around.
- ▶ How to deal with machines and components failing while the program is running?

- ▶ [Can Your Programming Language Do This?](#) by Joel Spolsky.